RSE Policy Condover and St Edward's CE Primary Schools

Last Reviewed: December 2021 Next Review: December 2023

This RSE policy has been composed by the PSHE lead in consultation with the headteacher, staff and the Local Academy Board. Parents and pupils were also consulted before the policy was agreed and ratified. The children's and families' needs in the context of local and national issues were considered and the content of the policy and curriculum have been brought into line with the new DFE requirements for primary relationships education which became statutory from September 2020.

The policy will be available to read on our school's websites and a hardcopy will be available on request at the school office.

What is RSE?

Relationships and sex education is learning about the emotional, social and physical aspects of growing up, relationships and health.

Our RSE aims to equip children and young people with the information, skills and values which they will need to lead safe, fulfilling, enjoyable relationships and help them go on, beyond primary school, to take responsibility for their sexual health and well-being.

In line with the DFE 2019 guidance, the focus of our RSE will be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive, healthy, respectful relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy and how interlinked physical and mental health are.

Relationship Education has been divided into five elements.:

- 1. Families and people who care for me
- 2. Caring friendships
- 3. Respectful relationships
- 4. Online relationships

5. Being safe

Aims

The overall aim of our schools is to promote pupils spiritual, moral, social and cultural development and to prepare all pupils for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of life.

Research has shown that a comprehensive RSE curriculum can help young people to feel more positive about themselves and understand what a healthy relationship looks like, as well as to delay the age at which they become sexually active. Young people who feel good about themselves are more knowledgeable and confident about relationships, more likely to be more discerning in their relationships and sexual behaviours and more likely to have healthy, safe and fulfilling relationships.

Keeping children safe in education (KCSIE) 2020 sets out that all schools and colleges should ensure children are taught about safeguarding, including how to stay safe online, as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum, and our RSE curriculum is key to this provision. This may include covering relevant issues through relationships education (RSE) and through personal, social, health and economic education (PSHE). At the heart of these subjects there is a focus on keeping children safe, and schools can play an important role in preventative education.

Statutory requirements

The Relationships Education, RSE, and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019 have made relationships education compulsory in all primary schools from September 2020. Sex education is not compulsory in primary schools, however puberty is covered in the relationships and health education content and the Department for Education continues to recommend that all primary schools should have a sex education program tailored to the age and physical emotional maturity of the pupils. In addition, the national curriculum for science includes subject content in related areas, such as the main external body parts, the human body as it grows from birth to old age (including puberty) and reproduction in some plants and animals.

At our schools we link this work in science to the PSHE curriculum around health and relationships and respond to our children's questions in an age appropriate way. However, if a parent wishes to withdraw their child from sex education beyond the national curriculum for science, we uphold that right and would welcome a discussion around any concerns.

Church of England Charter

'The legislation makes it clear that all schools should approach RSHE in a faith sensitive and inclusive way, seeking to explain fairly the tenets and varying interpretations of religious communities on matters of sex and relationships and teach these viewpoints with respect. The Church of England Education Office supports the approach taken by the government, including recommending an age-appropriate provision of sex education at primary level, and is issuing a Charter which we hope schools of all foundations, faiths or otherwise will sign up to as they affirm the broad principles about

how RSHE is taught.' (https://www.churchofengland.org/more/education-and-schools/church-schools-and-academies/relationships-sex-and-health-education)

A CHARTER FOR FAITH SENSITIVE AND INCLUSIVE RELATIONSHIPS EDUCATION, RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION (RSE) AND HEALTH EDUCATION (RSHE)¹

In *Condover CE Primary School and St Edwards CE Primary School* we seek to provide Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education (RSHE), which will enable all pupils to flourish.

We commit:

- To work in partnership with parents and carers. This will involve dialogue with parents
 and carers through all stages of policy development as well as discussing the resources
 used to teach their children and how they can contribute at home. It must, however, be
 recognised that the law specifies that what is taught and how it is taught is ultimately a
 decision for the school.
- 2. That RSHE will be delivered professionally and as an identifiable part of PSHE. It will be led, resourced and reported to parents in the same way as any other subject. There will be a planned programme delivered in a carefully sequenced way. Staff will receive regular training in RSHE and PSHE. Any expert visitors or trainers invited into the school to enhance and supplement the programme will be expected to respect the schools published policy for RSHE.
- 3. That RSHE will be delivered in a way that affords dignity and shows respect to all who make up our diverse community. It will not discriminate against any of the protected characteristics in the Equality Act² and will be sensitive to the faith and beliefs of those in the wider school community. RSHE will seek to explain fairly the tenets and varying interpretations of religious communities on matters of sex and relationships and teach these viewpoints with respect. It will value the importance of faithfulness as the underpinning and backdrop for relationships. It will encourage pupils to develop the skills needed to disagree without being disagreeable, to appreciate the lived experience of other people and to live well together.
- 4. That RSHE will seek to build resilience in our pupils to help them form healthy relationships, to keep themselves safe and resist the harmful influence of pornography in all its forms. It will give pupils opportunities to reflect on values and influences including their peers, the media, the internet, faith and culture that may have shaped their attitudes

¹ RSHE is used to indicate either Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education as determined by the school context since, after consultation with parents and carers primary schools may decide to include elements of sex education in their curriculum.

² The protected characteristics are age, disability, gender reassignment, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation, marriage and civil partnership and pregnancy and maternity.

to gender, relationships and sex. It will promote the development of the wisdom and skills our pupils need to make their own informed decisions.

- 5. That RSHE will promote healthy resilient relationships set in the context of character and virtue development. It will reflect the vision and associated values of the school, promote reverence for the gift of human sexuality and encourage relationships that are hopeful and aspirational. Based on the school's values it will seek to develop character within a moral framework based on virtues such as honesty, integrity, self-control, courage, humility, kindness, forgiveness, generosity and a sense of justice but does not seek to teach only one moral position.
- 6. That RSHE will be based on honest and medically accurate information from reliable sources of information, including about the law and legal rights. It will distinguish between different types of knowledge and opinions so that pupils can learn about their bodies and sexual and reproductive health as appropriate to their age and maturity.
- 7. To take a particular care to meet the individual needs of all pupils including those with special needs and disabilities. It will ensure that lessons and any resources used will be accessible and sensitive to the learning needs of the individual child. We acknowledge the potential vulnerability of pupils who have special needs and disabilities (SEND) and recognise the possibilities and rights of SEND pupils to high quality relationships and sex education.
- 8. To seek pupils' views about RSHE so that the teaching can be made relevant to their lives. It will discuss real life issues relating to the age and stage of pupils, including friendships, families, faith, consent, relationship abuse, exploitation and safe relationships online. This will be carefully targeted and age appropriate based on a teacher judgment about pupil readiness for this information in consultation with parents and carers.

Equal opportunities

The law now states that all pupils should have access to relationships education and health education that is relevant to their particular needs. To achieve this our schools' approach to RSE will take account of:

Ethnic and cultural diversity

Different ethnic and cultural groups may have different attitudes to RSE. The school will consult pupils and parents/carers about their needs, take account of their views and promote respect for, and understanding of, the views of different ethnic and cultural groups.

Varying home backgrounds

We recognise that pupils may come from a variety of family situations and home backgrounds. We shall always endeavour to prevent stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances.

Sexuality

Some of our pupils will go on to define themselves as lesbian, gay, bi-sexual, transgender or questioning. Pupils may also have LGBTQ parents/carers, brothers or sisters, other family members and/or friends. Eventually all our pupils will meet and work with LGBTQ people. Our approach to our RSE will include sensitive, honest and balanced consideration of sexuality and we will actively tackle homophobic or sexist bullying. We are working towards creating a gender-neutral environment, where each child is seen as an individual.

Special educational needs

Our relationship education, RSE and health education will be accessible for all pupils. We shall take account of the fact that some pupils may have learning, emotional or behavioural difficulties or physical disabilities that result in particular RSE needs.

Whole school approach

Teaching staff are all involved in the schools RSE provision; as well as delivering the curriculum, they all play an important pastoral role by offering support to pupils. Teachers will be consulted about the school's approach to RSE and aided in their work by provision of resources, background information, and access to appropriate training, support and advice from experienced members of staff.

Non-teaching staff may be involved in a supportive role in some RSE lessons and play an important (formal or informal) pastoral support role with pupils. They will have access to information about the RSE program and be supported in the pastoral role.

The Local Academy Board and DHMAT have responsibilities for school policies. They will be consulted about the RSE provision and policy.

Parents/carers have a legal right to have information about the schools RSE provision. They may have access at any point to the program of work and are invited to come into school to discuss the content of the lessons and to view the resources used. The class teacher or PSHE subject leader would be willing to work with them at any point, however, under the new statutory guidance, parents cannot withdraw their children from relationships education. As stated in section 3 above, they may only withdraw their child from sex education beyond the national curriculum for science. The school will, however, seek and take account of

parents/carers views and endeavour to adopt a partnership approach with parents/carers. We will always take time to address concerns and allay any fears.

Outside agencies and speakers may be involved in contributing to RSE lessons. The school will only work with agencies and speakers who are appropriate to the pupils needs.

Pupils have an entitlement to RSE and pastoral support appropriate to their age and circumstance. They will be consulted about their RSA needs and their views will be central to developing the provision.

The taught RSE program

At our schools we follow the Coram Life Education SCARF Primary PSHE and RSE scheme of work. This program has been developed by teachers and centred on a values-based and growth mindset approach. The SCARF values are safety, caring, achievement, resilience and friendship. SCARF resources also promote positive behaviour, mental health and well-being. SCARF relationships and sex education resources help children and young people to be safe, healthy and happy, both as they grow and in their future lives. SCARF resources ensure that our school also meets SMSC development, safeguarding, emotional well-being requirements, as well as ensuring that we meet the requirements of the DFE primary RSE curriculum, and national curriculum science. Alongside the SCARF Scheme of work, we also use the Shropshire Council Respect Yourself Transition Programme resources to support our relationship and sex education teaching.

Children will be taught RSE within our PHSE lessons through the following six half termly topics.

Early Years:

- Me and my relationships
- Following difference
- Keeping myself safe
- Rights and responsibilities
- Being my best
- Growing and changing

KS1 and KS2

- Me and my relationships
- Valuing difference
- Keeping myself safe
- Rights and responsibilities
- Being my best
- Growing and changing

Please see Appendix A for further information on how the SCARF scheme links with RSE statutory guidance.

Boundaries

Teachers are careful to ensure that their personal beliefs and attitudes do not influence the teaching of RSE. To this end, boundaries are always agreed upon to provide a common values framework within which to teach. There are clear parameters as to what will be taught in whole class setting and what will be dealt with on an individual basis. The boundaries will ensure that:

- Pupils are given preparation so that they will know how to minimise any embarrassment they feel.
- No one (teacher nor pupil) should be expected to answer a personal question.
- No one will be forced to take part in a discussion.
- The school's confidentiality/safeguarding policies are adhered to.

Should a teacher be absent, it would not be undertaken by a short–term supply teacher.

Answering difficult questions

When delivering the RSE objectives, teachers will always consider how children of the same age may be developmentally at different stages, leading to differing types of questions or behaviours. Teaching methods should take account of those developmental differences (including when these are due to specific special educational needs or disabilities) and recognise the potential for discussion on a one-to-one basis or in small groups. We will consider what is appropriate and inappropriate in the whole class setting, as teachers may require support and training in answering questions that are better not dealt with in front of the whole class. On occasion, an individual child will ask an explicit or difficult question in the classroom. Questions do not always have to be answered immediately, it may be more appropriate to address them later. At our schools, we believe that individual teachers must use their skill and discretion in these situations and might refer to the PSHE subject leader, if necessary.

Our approach to dealing with questions

- Teachers should establish clear parameters about what is appropriate and inappropriate in the whole class setting.
- Teachers should set the tone by speaking in a matter-of-fact way and ensure that pupils discuss issues in a way which does not encourage giggling and silliness.
- Pupils should be encouraged to write down questions anonymously and post them in a 'problem/worry box'.

- Teachers should respond to questions where they can, always bearing in mind that people who do not have their questions answered may go online to find answers.
- Teachers should not be drawn into providing more information than is appropriate to the age of the child.
- If a verbal question is too personal, the teacher should remind the pupils of the boundaries.
- If a question is too explicit, feels too old for a pupil, is inappropriate for the whole class or raises a safeguarding concern, the teacher should acknowledge the question and promise to attend to it later, on an individual basis.
- Pupils must not be given the impression that teenagers inevitably have sex. The view that sex should be between two people who are mature enough to make informed decisions should be emphasised.
- If a teacher is concerned that a pupil is at risk of sexual abuse the headteacher should be informed and the usual safeguarding/child protection procedures followed.

Monitoring and evaluation

The RSE program and policy will be annually evaluated and reviewed by the PSHE subject leader. The views of pupils, parents, staff and governors are used to make changes and improvements to the program.

Links to other policies

School will consider relationships and sex education when reviewing other policies, in particular:

- Anti-bullying
- Attendance
- Behaviour
- Looked after children
- Confidentiality
- Internet safety
- Personal, social, health and economic education
- Safeguarding statement
- Special educational needs and disabilities
- Teaching and learning
- Whistleblowing

Appendix A

Relationships Education

Families and people who care for me

1. That families are important for children

2. The characteristics of healthy family life,

commitment to each other, including in times

and other family members, the importance of

of difficulty, protection and care for children

spending time together and sharing each

other's lives.

growing up because they can give love,

Statutory requirement

security and stability.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Me and my
- Me and my special people

All about me

- Same and different families
- Where do babies come from?
- Getting bigger
- Safe indoors and outdoors
- Looking after my special people
- Who are our special people?
- My special people
- Family and friends
- Friend or acquaintance?
- My feelings are all over the place!
- Advertising friendships!
- Joe's story (part 2)
- What's the risk? (2)
- Looking after my special people
- People who help to keep me safe
- Life Stages: Human life stage who will I be?
- Same and different families
- Me and my special people
- Who can help me?
- My feelings
- Taking care of a baby
- Who are our special people?
- My special people
- Family and friends
- Looking after our special people
- My feelings are all over the place!
- Friend or acquaintance?
- Help! I'm a teenager get me out of here!
- Dan's day
- Helpful or unhelpful? Managing change
- 3. That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.
- Me and my special people
- All about me
- Same and different families
- Life Stages: Human life stage who will I be?
- Getting bigger

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Where do babies come from?
- Looking after my special people
- Same or different?
- Who are our special people?
- Our special people balloons
- My special people
- Family and friends
- Let's celebrate our differences
- What would I do?
- My feelings are all over the place!
- The people we share our world with
- Together
- The land of the Red People
- Making babies
- Don't force me
- Looking after my special people
- Where do babies come from?
- Getting bigger
- Life Stages: Human life stage who will I be?
- Same and different families
- Who can help me?
- Same or different?
- Our special people balloons
- Who are our special people?
- My special people
- Family and friends
- Together
- Help! I'm a teenager get me out of here!
- Don't force me
- Making babies
- Advertising friendships!
- 5. That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong.

4. That stable, caring relationships, which may

be of different types, are at the heart of

happy families, and are important for

children's security as they grow up.

- Life Stages: Human life stage who will I be?
- Together
- Don't force me
- 6. How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.
- People who help to keep me safe
- Who can help me?
- My feelings
- My feelings (2)
- Who can help? (1)

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Surprises and secrets
- Good or bad touches?
- Growing up and changing bodies
- Don't force me
- Helpful or unhelpful? Managing change

Caring friendships

Statutory requirement

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Who can help me?
- All about me
- Me and my special people
- Same and different
- Kind and caring (2)
- Looking after my friends
- Good friends
- Being a good friend
- Looking after our special people
- Friends are special
- Relationship Tree
- Together
- Can you sort it?
- Friend or acquaintance?
- Qualities of friendship
- It could happen to anyone
- How good a friend are you?
- Dan's day
- Advertising friendships!
- Joe's story (part 2)
- 7-11 year-olds How caring a friend are you?
- 4-5 year-olds Looking after my friends
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship
- 5-7 year-olds Good friends
- 2. The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing

1. How important friendships are in making

us feel happy and secure, and how people

choose and make friends.

- Looking after my friends
- Yes, I can!
- Bouncing back when things go wrong

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.

- Kind and caring (2)
- Same and different
- Kind and caring (1)
- Who can help me?
- My feelings (2)
- Harold has a bad day
- Good friends
- How are you listening?
- It's not fair!
- Pass on the praise!
- Unkind, tease or bully?
- Who can help? (2)
- Being a good friend
- Looking after our special people
- Relationship Tree
- Friends are special
- An email from Harold!
- Making choices
- Friend or acquaintance?
- Ok or not ok? (part 2)
- Ok or not ok? (part 1)
- Can you sort it?
- It could happen to anyone
- Qualities of friendship
- How good a friend are you?
- Give and take
- Being assertive
- Relationship cake recipe
- Dan's day
- Solve the friendship problem
- Advertising friendships!
- OK to be different
- What's the risk? (1)
- Joe's story (part 1)
- 5-7 year-olds Good friends
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship
- 4-5 year-olds Looking after my friends
- 7-11 year-olds How caring a friend are you?
- 3. That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.
- Looking after my friends
- Who can help me?
- Kind and caring (1)

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Same and different
- Kind and caring (2)
- Who can help? (2)
- Unkind, tease or bully?
- It's not fair!
- Good friends
- A helping hand
- Being a good friend
- An act of kindness
- How can we solve this problem?
- An email from Harold!
- Can you sort it?
- Keeping ourselves safe
- Ok or not ok? (part 1)
- Qualities of friendship
- It could happen to anyone
- The land of the Red People
- Relationship cake recipe
- Being assertive
- Give and take
- How good a friend are you?
- Solve the friendship problem
- Dan's day
- Joe's story (part 1)
- What's the risk? (1)
- Advertising friendships!
- Joe's story (part 2)
- 7-11 year-olds How caring a friend are you?
- 4-5 year-olds Looking after my friends
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship
- 5-7 year-olds Good friends
- How are you listening?
- It's not fair!
- Surprises and secrets
- Unkind, tease or bully?
- Who can help? (2)
- Who can help? (1)
- Harold has a bad day
- Solve the problem
- How can we solve this problem?
- Friends are special

4. That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Ok or not ok? (part 1)
- Ok or not ok? (part 2)
- What would I do?
- Can you sort it?
- Qualities of friendship
- How good a friend are you?
- Relationship cake recipe
- Solve the friendship problem
- loe's story (part 2)
- Advertising friendships!
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship
- 7-11 year-olds How caring a friend are you?
- Who can help me?
- My feelings (2)
- My feelings
- How are you listening?
- Pass on the praise!
- Solve the problem
- Getting on with others
- Relationship Tree
- How dare you!
- My feelings are all over the place!
- Can you sort it?
- What would I do?
- Keeping ourselves safe
- Ok or not ok? (part 2)
- Ok or not ok? (part 1)
- Islands
- Qualities of friendship
- It could happen to anyone
- Relationship cake recipe
- Being assertive
- Ella's diary dilemma
- Solve the friendship problem
- Advertising friendships!
- What's the risk? (1)
- Joe's story (part 1)
- Assertiveness skills (formerly Behave yourself - 2)
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship

5. How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed.

Respectful relationships

Statutory requirement

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- What makes me special
- I'm special, you're special
- Me and my special people
- All about me
- Kind and caring (2)
- Same and different
- Same and different families
- Same and different homes
- Looking after my friends
- Getting bigger
- Where do babies come from?
- How are you listening?
- Same or different?
- Pass on the praise!
- What makes us who we are?
- Respect and challenge
- Zeb
- How can we solve this problem?
- Let's celebrate our differences
- Our friends and neighbours
- For or against?
- Thunks
- The people we share our world with
- Making choices
- Under pressure
- Ok or not ok? (part 1)
- Ok or not ok? (part 2)
- Friend or acquaintance?
- What would I do?
- Can you sort it?
- What makes me ME!
- Qualities of friendship
- Stop, start, stereotypes
- The land of the Red People
- Help! I'm a teenager get me out of here!
- Is it true?
- Kind conversations
- Spot bullying
- Happy being me
- Being assertive
- Is this normal?
- Don't force me

1. The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- We have more in common than not
- Tolerance and respect for others
- Joe's story (part 1)
- I look great!
- Media manipulation
- What's the risk? (1)
- Behave yourself
- OK to be different
- Respecting differences
- Boys will be boys? challenging gender stereotypes
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship
- 7-11 year-olds What makes me ME!
- Bouncing back when things go wrong
- Being helpful at home and caring for our classroom
- Kind and caring (1)
- Kind and caring (2)
- Harold has a bad day
- Why we have classroom rules
- It's not fair!
- Same or different?
- How do we make others feel?
- Our ideal classroom (1)
- What makes us who we are?
- An act of kindness
- Thunks
- For or against?
- Our friends and neighbours
- Let's celebrate our differences
- The people we share our world with
- My feelings are all over the place!
- What makes me ME!
- Can you sort it?
- What would I do?
- Ok or not ok? (part 1)
- Human machines
- Qualities of friendship
- Is it true?
- Help! I'm a teenager get me out of here!

2. Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- The land of the Red People
- Happy being me
- Kind conversations
- Ella's diary dilemma
- Boys will be boys? challenging gender stereotypes
- Respecting differences
- Behave yourself
- I look great!
- Tolerance and respect for others
- Assertiveness skills (formerly Behave yourself - 2)
- 7-11 year-olds What makes me ME!
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship
- 5-7 year-olds Our new Keeping Safe rules
- Being helpful at home and caring for our classroom
- Caring for our world
- Kind and caring (2)
- Kind and caring (1)
- Same and different homes
- Harold has a bad day
- Harold's school rules
- It's not fair!
- Why we have classroom rules
- Pass on the praise!
- Our ideal classroom (2)
- An act of kindness
- Getting on with others
- Respect and challenge
- For or against?
- Thunks
- What would I do?
- In the news!
- Qualities of friendship
- Happy being me
- Relationship cake recipe
- Help! I'm a teenager get me out of here!
- Respecting differences

3. The conventions of courtesy and manners.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- 5-7 year-olds Our new Keeping Safe rules
- 4-5 year-olds Being helpful and caring for our environment
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship
- Same and different
- All about me
- I'm special, you're special
- What makes me special
- How dare you!
- Keeping ourselves safe
- What makes me ME!
- Ok or not ok? (part 2)
- Qualities of friendship
- Help! I'm a teenager get me out of here!
- The land of the Red People
- Relationship cake recipe
- Happy being me
- Ella's diary dilemma
- Kind conversations
- I look great!
- Media manipulation
- Joe's story (part 1)
- Behave yourself
- What's the risk? (1)
- Assertiveness skills (formerly Behave yourself - 2)
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship
- 7-11 year-olds What makes me ME!
- 5-7 year-old You can do it!
- All about me
- Same and different
- Harold has a bad day
- Harold's school rules
- Pass on the praise!
- Taking care of something
- Who can help? (2)
- Unkind, tease or bully?
- Bullying or teasing?

4. The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.

5. That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Don't do that!
- Getting on with others
- Types of bullying
- Zeb
- Safety in numbers
- The people we share our world with
- Ok or not ok? (part 2)
- Ok or not ok? (part 1)
- Can you sort it?
- What would I do?
- Qualities of friendship
- Taking notice of our feelings
- Kind conversations
- Ella's diary dilemma
- Happy being me
- Relationship cake recipe
- The land of the Red People
- Assertiveness skills (formerly Behave yourself - 2)
- Joe's story (part 2)
- Don't force me
- Tolerance and respect for others
- We have more in common than not
- Acting appropriately
- Behave yourself
- Respecting differences
- 5-7 year-olds Taking care of something
- 7-11 year-olds Qualities of friendship
- Unkind, tease or bully?
- Who can help? (2)
- Don't do that!
- Bullying or teasing?
- Types of bullying
- Getting on with others
- Zeb
- Let's celebrate our differences
- Safety in numbers
- How dare you!
- Under pressure
- What would I do?
- Keeping ourselves safe
- Is it true?

6. About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Stop, start, stereotypes
- Happy being me
- OK to be different
- Boys will be boys? challenging gender stereotypes
- Behave yourself
- What's the risk? (1)
- Acting appropriately
- We have more in common than not
- Me and my body girls and boys
- Zeb
- Family and friends
- That is such a stereotype!
- Happy being me
- Stop, start, stereotypes
- Is it true?
- Two sides to every story
- Media manipulation
- Boys will be boys? challenging gender stereotypes
- Me and my body girls and boys
- Looking after my friends
- Listening to my feelings (1)
- Sharing pictures
- Surprises and secrets
- Good or bad touches?
- I don't like that!
- None of your business!
- Islands
- Secret or surprise?
- Growing up and changing bodies
- Ella's diary dilemma
- It's a puzzle
- Think before you click!
- Don't force me
- Assertiveness skills (formerly Behave yourself - 2)
- Fakebook friends
- 4-5 year-olds Looking after my friends

7. What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive.

8. The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

1. That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.

2. That the same principles apply to online

online including when we are anonymous.

relationships as to face-to-face relationships,

including the importance of respect for others

- Sharing pictures
- Playing games
- None of your business!
- I am fantastic!
- Spot bullying
- Play, like, share
- Fakebook friends
- Pressure online
- Media manipulation
- Sharing pictures
- Playing games
- Let's celebrate our differences
- None of your business!
- Zeb
- Relationship Tree
- How do we make a difference?
- Play, like, share
- Communication
- Spot bullying
- Is it true?
- It's a puzzle
- Think before you click!
- 7-11 year-olds How do we make a difference?
- Keeping safe online
- Sharing pictures
- Playing games
- None of your business!
- Super Searcher
- Picture Wise
- Is it true?
- Spot bullying
- Communication
- Play, like, share
- It's a puzzle
- Think before you click!
- Traffic lights
- Pressure online
- To share or not to share?
- What's the risk? (2)
- 4. How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information

3. The rules and principles for keeping safe

content and contact, and how to report them.

online, how to recognise risks, harmful

- Sharing pictures
- Playing games

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.

5. How information and data is shared and

- Super Searcher
- Recount task
- None of your business!
- Fact or opinion?
- Is it true?
- Play, like, share
- It's a puzzle
- Think before you click!
- Pressure online
- Sharing pictures
- Playing games
- None of your business!
- Super Searcher
- Picture Wise
- In the news!
- That is such a stereotype!
- Raisin challenge (2)
- Is it true?
- Play, like, share
- Spot bullying
- It's a puzzle
- Pressure online
- To share or not to share?
- Traffic lights

Being safe

used online.

Statutory requirement

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Sharing pictures
- Harold's school rules
- Good or bad touches?
- Surprises and secrets
- Should I tell?
- How safe would you feel?
- What should Harold say?
- Playing games
- Fun or not?
- Some secrets should never be kept
- Safe or unsafe?
- None of your business!
- Raisin challenge (1)

1. What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context).

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Dan's dare
- Raisin challenge (2)
- How dare you!
- Islands
- Secret or surprise?
- Taking notice of our feelings
- Is it true?
- Ella's diary dilemma
- Play, like, share
- Would you risk it?
- It's a puzzle
- Think before you click!
- What's the risk? (1)
- To share or not to share?
- Pressure online
- Acting appropriately
- What's the risk? (2)
- Keeping safe online
- Me and my body girls and boys
- Sharing pictures
- Surprises and secrets
- Good or bad touches?
- Should I tell?
- My body, your body
- Some secrets should never be kept
- Respecting privacy
- Playing games
- Secret or surprise?
- Secret or surprise?
- Growing up and changing bodies
- Ella's diary dilemma
- Dear Ash
- Dear Ash
- It's a puzzle
- What's the risk? (2)
- Acting appropriately
- To share or not to share?
- 3. That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.

2. About the concept of privacy and the

secrets if they relate to being safe.

implications of it for both children and adults;

including that it is not always right to keep

- Me and my body girls and boys
- Life Stages: Human life stage who will I be?
- Listening to my feelings (1)
- Keeping privates private
- I don't like that!

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Some secrets should never be kept
- Fun or not?
- Body space
- Secret or surprise?
- Islands
- Growing up and changing bodies
- Taking notice of our feelings
- To share or not to share?
- Pressure online
- Acting appropriately
- Making babies
- People who help to keep me safe
- Surprises and secrets
- I don't like that!
- What should Harold say?
- Some secrets should never be kept
- Safe or unsafe?
- Danger or risk?
- None of your business!
 - Danger, risk or hazard?
- Secret or surprise?
- Taking notice of our feelings
- Dear Ash
- Play, like, share
- It's a puzzle
- Dear Ash
- What's the risk? (2)
- Acting appropriately
- Pressure online
- Joe's story (part 1)
- People who help to keep me safe
- Keeping safe online
- Safe indoors and outdoors
- Listening to my feelings (1)
- What's safe to go onto my body
- Who can help me?
- Thinking about feelings
- Surprises and secrets
- Good or bad touches?
- Our feelings
- Who can help? (1)
- How safe would you feel?
- Should I tell?

4. How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.

5. How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Fun or not?
- Safe or unsafe?
- The Risk Robot
- None of your business!
- Secret or surprise?
- Danger, risk or hazard?
- Islands
- Taking notice of our feelings
- Dear Ash
- Dear Ash
- Pressure online
- Acting appropriately
- Looking after my friends
- Keeping safe online
- People who help to keep me safe
- Listening to my feelings (1)
- Same and different
- Sharing pictures
- Surprises and secrets
- Feeling safe
- Playing games
- Raisin challenge (1)
- Who helps us stay healthy and safe?
- How dare you!
- Dear Ash
- Dear Ash
- Acting appropriately
- Making babies
- Joe's story (part 1)
- Behave yourself
- 4-5 year-olds Looking after my friends

Listening to my feelings (1)

- Me and my body girls and boys
 - Surprises and secrets
 - Good or bad touches?
 - Keeping privates private
 - Feeling safe
 - Who helps us stay healthy and safe?
 - All change!
 - Safety in numbers
 - Secret or surprise?
 - Taking notice of our feelings

6. How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard.

7. How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Dear Ash
- Dear Ash
- Is this normal?
- Joe's story (part 1)
- Making babies
- Don't force me
- Acting appropriately
- To share or not to share?
- People who help to keep me safe
- Who can help me?
- Good or bad touches?
- Surprises and secrets
- Feeling safe
- Helping each other to stay safe
- Who helps us stay healthy and safe?
- Taking notice of our feelings
- Dear Ash
- Dear Ash
- Acting appropriately
- Making babies

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing (Health Education)

Mental wellbeing

8. Where to get advice e.g. family, school

Statutory requirement

and/or other sources.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Our feelings
- Different feelings
- How good a friend are you?
- Dan's day
- Rat Park
- Fakebook friends
- Five Ways to Wellbeing project
- 7-11 year-olds How caring a friend are you?
- 2. That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all

1. That mental wellbeing is a normal part of

daily life, in the same way as physical health.

- My feelings (2)
- Bouncing back when things go wrong

humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.

3. How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Yes, I can!
- Thinking about feelings
- Our feelings
- Harold loses Geoffrey
- Feelings and bodies
- Sam moves away
- How are you feeling today?
- I don't like that!
- Some secrets should never be kept
- Let's all be happy!
- My special pet
- Different feelings
- Moving house
- Secret or surprise?
- How are they feeling?
- How good a friend are you?
- Our emotional needs
- Dan's day
- Helpful or unhelpful? Managing change
- 7-11 year-olds How caring a friend are you?
- 4-5 year-olds Yes I can!
- 5-7 year-olds Sam moves away
- Yes, I can!
- Bouncing back when things go wrong
- My feelings (2)
- My feelings
- What's safe to go onto my body
- Same and different
- Thinking about feelings
- Feelings and bodies
- Our feelings
- When I feel like erupting
- How are you feeling today?
- My day
- How do we make others feel?
- An act of kindness
- Harold's picnic
- My special pet
- Moving house
- An email from Harold!
- Different feelings

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- When feelings change
- My feelings are all over the place!
- Secret or surprise?
- Ok or not ok? (part 1)
- Ok or not ok? (part 2)
- How are they feeling?
- Our emotional needs
- How good a friend are you?
- Dan's day
- Rat Park
- I look great!
- 5-7 year-olds Sam moves away
- 4-5 year-olds Yes I can!
- 7-11 year-olds How caring a friend are you?
- Our feelings
- Thinking about feelings
- When I feel like erupting
- My special pet
- Different feelings
- My feelings are all over the place!
- When feelings change
- How dare you!
- Islands
- How are they feeling?
- Our emotional needs
- Rat Park
- Dan's day
- Helpful or unhelpful? Managing change
- Harold's picnic
 - My community
 - Our helpful volunteers
- Volunteering is cool
- Mo makes a difference
- Rat Park
- Five Ways to Wellbeing project
- Community art
- Action stations!
- 6. Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends

5. The benefits of physical exercise, time

and service-based activity on mental

wellbeing and happiness.

outdoors, community participation, voluntary

4. How to judge whether what they are feeling

and how they are behaving is appropriate and

proportionate.

- My feelings
- My feelings (2)
- Feelings and bodies

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.

- Who are our special people?
- Advertising friendships!
- Five Ways to Wellbeing project
- Helpful or unhelpful? Managing change
- Rat Park
- My feelings (2)
- My feelings
- Thinking about feelings
- Feelings and bodies
- Our feelings
- When someone is feeling left out
- An email from Harold!
- Rat Park
- Five Ways to Wellbeing project
- Who can help? (2)
- Unkind, tease or bully?
- Zeb
- Let's celebrate our differences
- Under pressure
- Spot bullying
- Communication
- My feelings
- My feelings (2)
- Who can help me?
- Let's all be happy!
- Moving house
- Our emotional needs
- Rat Park
- Helpful or unhelpful? Managing change

7. Isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.

8. That bullying (including cyberbullying) has a

negative and often lasting impact on mental

9. Where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).

Internet safety and harms

Statutory requirement

wellbeing.

1. That for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Sharing pictures
- Playing games
- Super Searcher

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- 2. About the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.
- 3. How to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.
- 4. Why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted.

- 5. That the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.
- 6. How to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding

- DI :
- Playing games
- Raisin challenge (2)

It's a puzzle

- That is such a stereotype!
- Is it true?
- Boys will be boys? challenging gender stereotypes
- Five Ways to Wellbeing project
- I look great!
- Media manipulation
- Sharing pictures
- Playing games
- Super Searcher
- None of your business!
- Picture Wise
- Is it true?
- Play, like, share
- It's a puzzle
- Traffic lights
- To share or not to share?
- As a rule
- Star qualities?
- Spot bullying
- Think before you click!
- Fakebook friends
- Sharing pictures
- Playing games
- Let's celebrate our differences
- None of your business!
- Zeb
- Under pressure
- Is it true?
- Play, like, share
- lt's a puzzle
- Think before you click!
- To share or not to share?
- Media manipulation
- Super Searcher
- Recount task
- Raisin challenge (2)

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.

- In the news!
- Fact or opinion?
- Is it true?
- What's the story?
- Smoking: what is normal?
- Boys will be boys? challenging gender stereotypes
- Two sides to every story
- Fakebook friends
- What's the risk? (2)
- Sharing pictures
- Playing games
- None of your business!
- In the news!
- Play, like, share
- It's a puzzle
- To share or not to share?

Physical health and fitness

7. Where and how to report concerns and get

Statutory requirement

support with issues online.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- 1. The characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.
- 2. The importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of
- 3. The risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).

regular, vigorous exercise.

4. How and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.

- - Healthy me
 - My body needs...
 - Move your body
 - My day
 - What's the story?
 - Five Ways to Wellbeing project
 - Healthy me
 - What's the story?
 - Keeping Myself Safe What's safe to go into my body (including medicines)
 - Inside my wonderful body!
 - Who helps us stay healthy and safe?

Healthy eating

range of healthy meals.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

1. What constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content).

2. The principles of planning and preparing a

- Move your body
- Healthy eating (1)
- Healthy eating (2)
- I can eat a rainbow
- Eat well
- My day
- My body needs...
- Derek cooks dinner! (healthy eating)
- SCARF Hotel
- Danger, risk or hazard?
- What's the story?
- Healthy eating (2)
- Healthy eating (1)
- Eat well
- I can eat a rainbow
- Derek cooks dinner! (healthy eating)
- SCARF Hotel
- Getting bigger
- Keeping Myself Safe What's safe to go into my body (including medicines)
- I can eat a rainbow
- Eat well
- Derek cooks dinner! (healthy eating)
- Alcohol and cigarettes: the facts
- Help or harm?
- SCARF Hotel
- Know the norms
- Rat Park
- What sort of drug is...?
- Joe's story (part 1)
- Drugs: it's the law!
- Alcohol: what is normal?
- 3. The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).

Drugs, alcohol and tobacco

Statutory requirement

1. The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Keeping Myself Safe What's safe to go into my body (including medicines)
- What could Harold do?
- Harold's picnic

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Help or harm?
- Alcohol and cigarettes: the facts
- 'Thunking' about habits
- Smoking: what is normal?
- Drugs: true or false?
- Getting fit
- What sort of drug is...?
- Rat Park
- Alcohol: what is normal?
- Drugs: it's the law!
- What's the risk? (1)

Health and prevention

Statutory requirement

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- 3. The importance of sufficient good quality
- sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.
- 4. About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.
- 5. About personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing.

- A good night's sleep
- Keeping Myself Safe What's safe to go into my body (including medicines)
- Getting bigger
- Move your body
- Super sleep
- Healthy me
- My body needs...
- A good night's sleep
- Move your body
- What's safe to go onto my body
- Harold's wash and brush up
- Healthy me •
- Harold's bathroom
- A good night's sleep
- What's safe to go onto my body
- Move your body
- Harold's wash and brush up
- Catch it! Bin it! Kill it!
- Harold's postcard helping us to keep clean and healthy
- Poorly Harold
- Medicines: check the label
- What is HIV?

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- 6. The facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination.
- Harold's postcard helping us to keep clean and healthy

Basic first-aid

Statutory requirement

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- 1. How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.
- Feeling safe

Basic first aid

- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- Basic first aid
- 2. Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.

Changing adolescent body

Statutory requirement

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Getting bigger
- Where do babies come from?
- Seasons
- Life stages plants, animals, humans
- Life Stages: Human life stage who will I be?
- Taking care of a baby
- Then and now
- Haven't you grown!
- My body, your body
- My changing body
- Period positive
- All change!
- My feelings are all over the place!
- Growing up and changing bodies

1. Key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.

SCARF lesson plans that support the teaching and learning of this

- Help! I'm a teenager get me out of here!
- Changing bodies and feelings
- Is this normal?
- Making babies
- My changing body
- Period positive
- Growing up and changing bodies
- Making babies
- Is this normal?
- 2. About menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.